Asteroseismology in action

II: Dynamical asteroseismology

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Asteroseismology

<u>Asteroseismology</u> – study of stellar interiors using stellar pulsations

<u>Dynamical asteroseismology</u> – asteroseismology combined with information obtained from binary modelling

<u>Tidal asteroseismology</u> – asteroseismology of modes influenced by tides in a binary

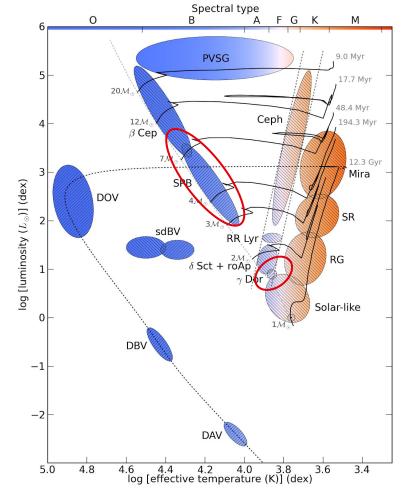


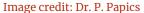
Asteroseismology & binaries

We're going to look at g mode pulsators

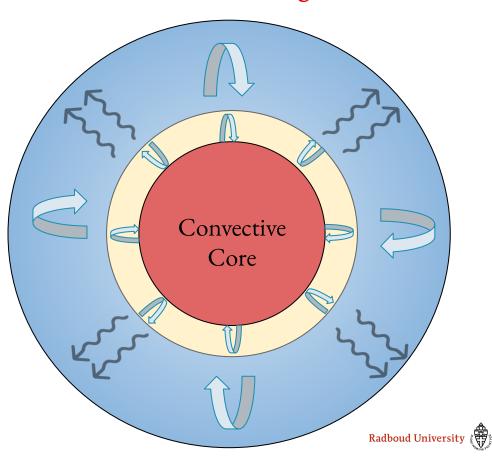
- γ Doradus variables
- Slowly Pulsating B (SPB) variables

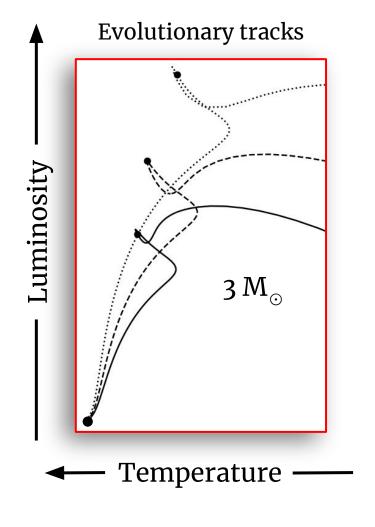
And binaries are everywhere



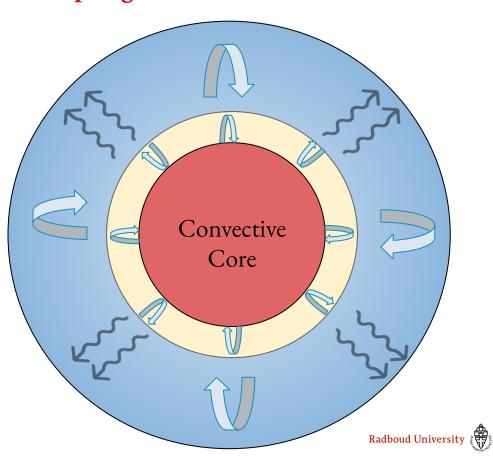


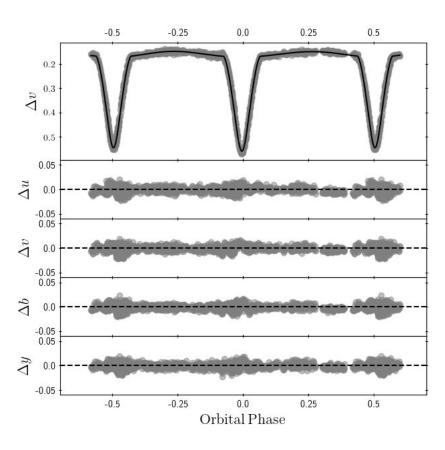
Internal chemical mixing





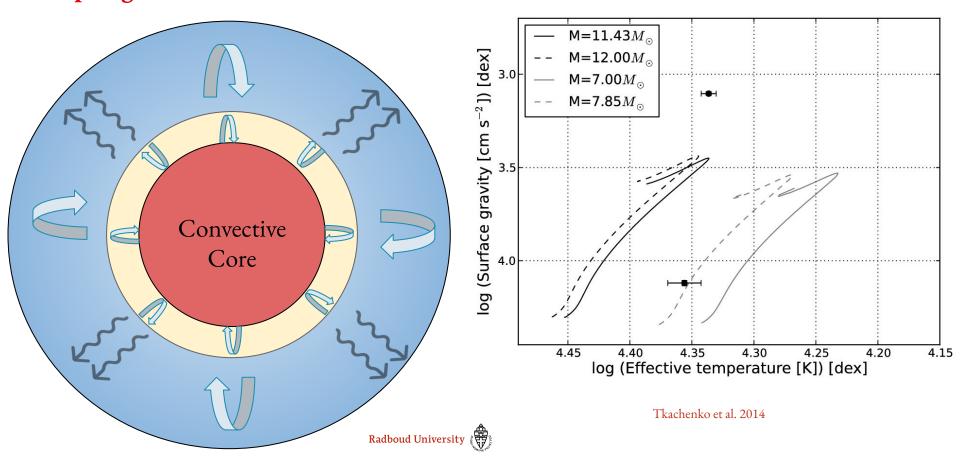
Eclipsing binaries



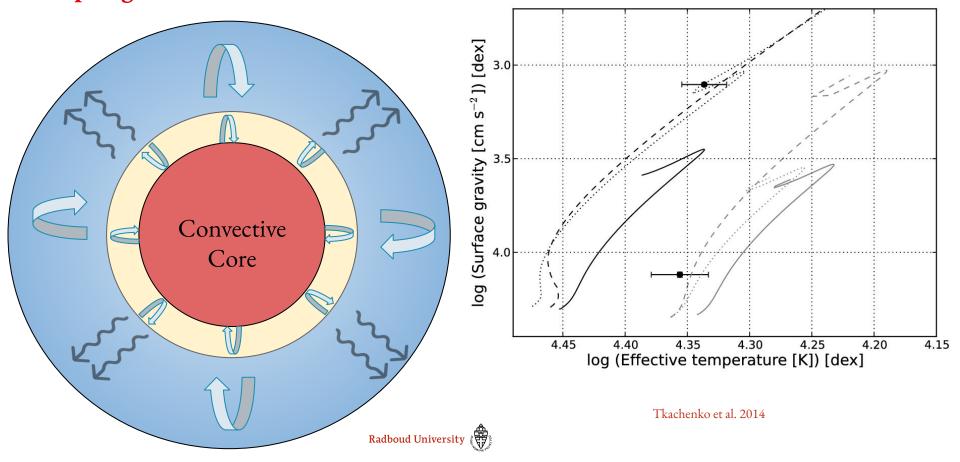


Johnston et al. 2019a

Eclipsing binaries



Eclipsing binaries



Asteroseismology

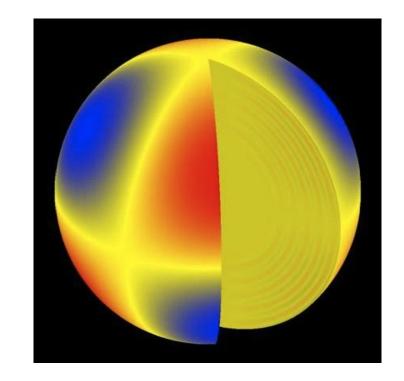
We need to identify (n,l,m)

What are (n,l,m)?

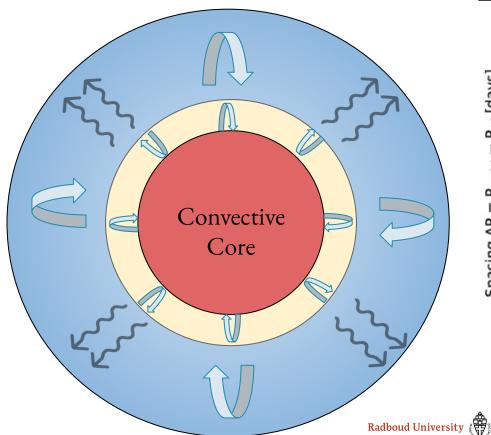
 $n \rightarrow$ number of radial nodes

 $l \rightarrow$ number of surface nodal lines

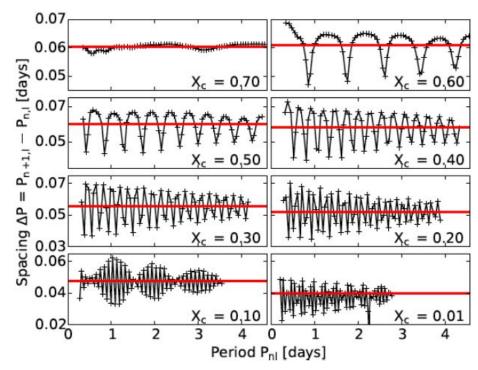
 $m \rightarrow$ number of longitudinal surface nodal lines



g mode asteroseismology

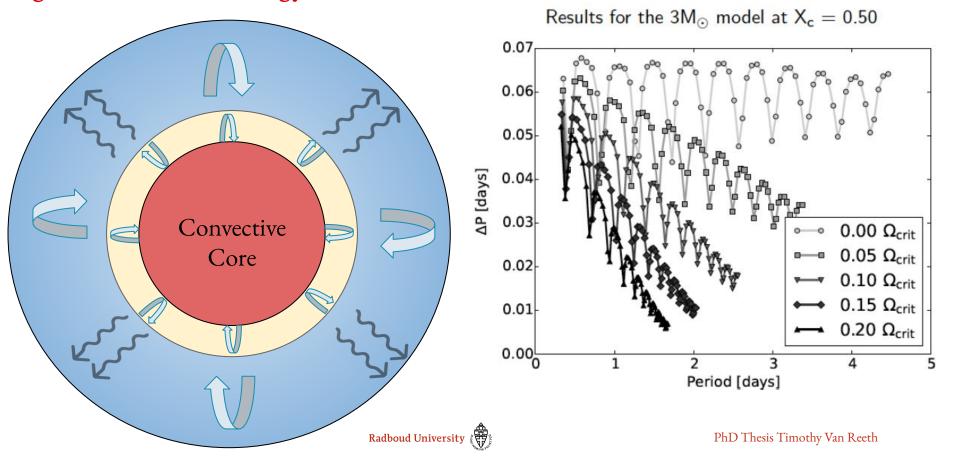


 $(n, \ell, m) - (n+1, \ell, m) \approx (n+1, \ell, m) - (n+2, \ell, m)$



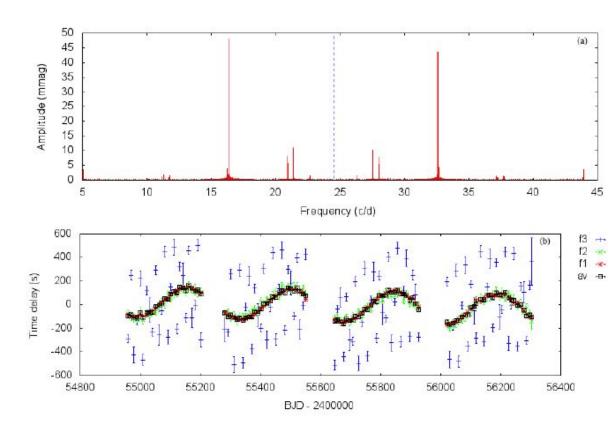


g mode asteroseismology



What else can we get?

Time delays = RVs



Seismology

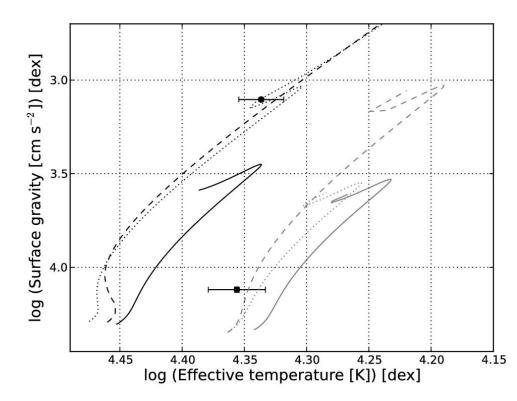
- Mass, radius, relative age
- Near core mixing history
- Core mass
- Core rotation

Binary modelling

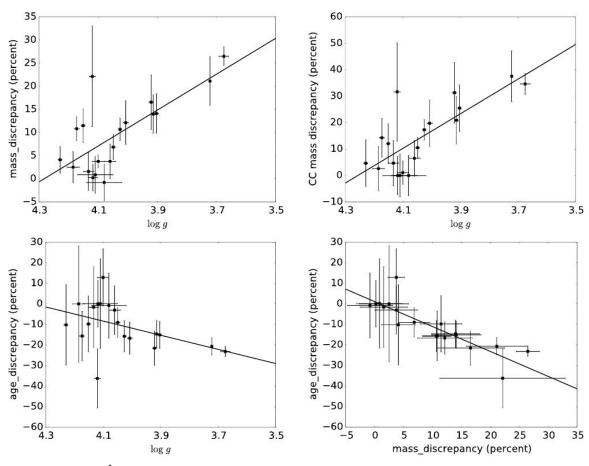
- Mass*, radius*, age
- Core mass
- Metallicity**
- Luminosity
- * Masses and radii to ~1%
- ** Common initial metallicity



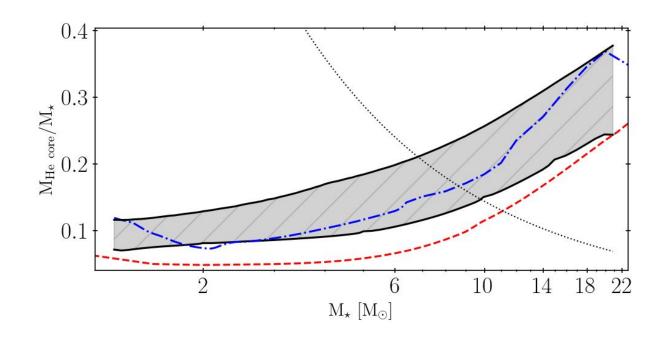
- Dynamical mass
- Evolutionary mass



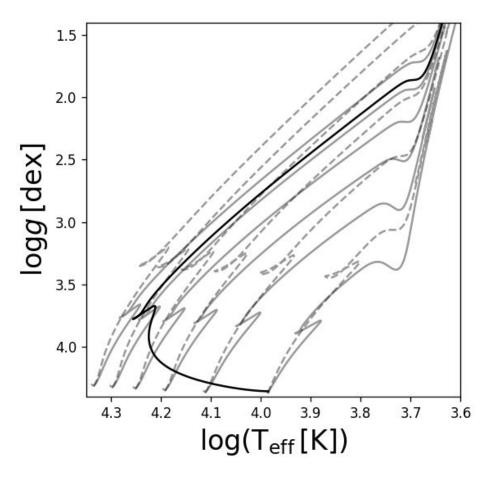
- Dynamical mass
- Evolutionary mass
- 20 EB systems



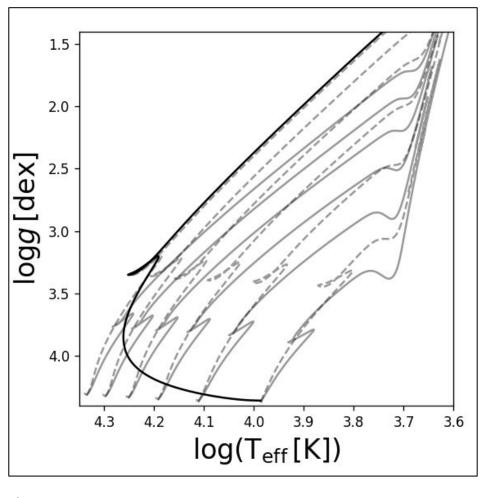
Implications for post-MS



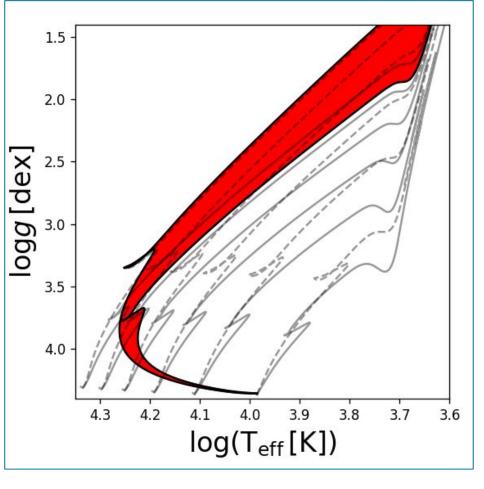
Implications for stellar aging



Implications for stellar aging

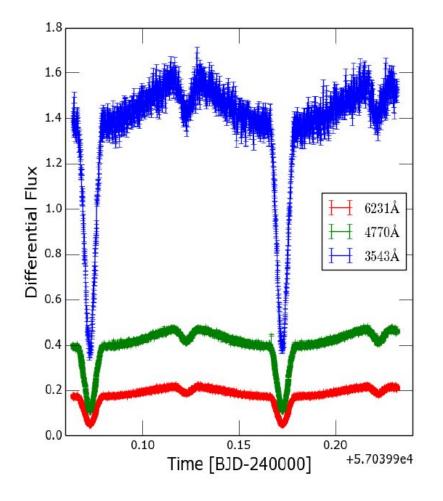


Implications for stellar aging



How do we actually do it?

- 1. Phase fold & bin the lightcurve
- 2. Model the eclipse signal
- 3. Subtract eclipse model
- 4. Run iterative pre-whitening
- 5. Subtract IPW model from original lightcurve
- 6. Repeat





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 - a. How do you know when to stop?

